

Ramses II - Builder of Monuments - Part 1

Year Level: 7/8

Genre: Biography

Comprehension Skills and NAPLAN Support:

Main Idea (MI)

Facts and Detail (FD)

Sequencing (S)

Cause and Effect (CE)

Comparing and Contrasting (CC)

Predicting (P)

Word in Context (WC)

Conclusion and Inferences (CI)

Fact and Opinion (FO)

Author's Purpose (AP)

Figurative Language (FL)

Summarising (SM)

Identify, Appreciate and Engage with Historical Discourse and Terminology

Interpret, Appreciate and Evaluate a Biographical Text

Answers:

- 1) What is the main idea?
c) Ramses II commissioned the building of many extraordinary monuments.

- 2) Why was Ramses II given the nickname 'The Great'?
b) He had an enormous influence on Egypt and ruled for many years.

- 3) What happened first in relation to the building of Abu Simbel?
b) Ramses II won the Battle of Kadesh

- 4) As a result of his triumph at the Battle of Kadesh Ramses II...
a) commissioned the building of Abu Simbel.

Ramses II - Builder of Monuments - Part 1 (cont.):

- 5) What do a pharaoh and a king have in common?
d) They are rulers of a country.
- 6) Predict what would have happened if Ramses II was not victorious at the Battle of Kadesh.
c) He would not have built Abu Simbel.
- 7) What is meant by the phrase 'the king of kings'?
b) Ramses II thought of himself as the supreme ruler.
- 8) One reason why Ramses II was able to construct so many buildings was because...
d) his reign lasted for many years.
- 9) Which of these is an opinion?
a) his impressive architectural projects
- 10) The purpose of this article is to...
b) inform the reader about the incredible monuments that Ramses II built.
- 11) The extract says that seated statues of Ramses II were 'guarding the huge gateway or pylon'.
This is an example of...
d) personification.
- 12) Which sentence best summarises why Ramses II was so significant?
a) He was the most powerful and ambitious pharaoh in Egypt.